



Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as amended)

REFUSAL OF PLANNING PERMISSION

Application Number: 23/00145/FUL
Proposed: Proposed battery energy storage facility and substation with new access and associated fencing and landscaping
At: Land On South West Side Of Levedale Road Levedale

In pursuance of their powers under the above mentioned Act, South Staffordshire Council, hereby **REFUSE** permission for the development described in the above application.

Reasons for refusal:

1. The proposed development, by way of its scale and location in the open countryside would create a discordant feature causing a detrimental effect on the immediate environment and the appearance and intrinsic rural character of the wider area contrary to South Staffordshire Core Strategy Policies OC1 (Development in the Open Countryside Beyond the West Midlands Green Belt) and EQ4 (Protecting and Enhancing the Character and Appearance of the Landscape).

Signed

Dated: 23 November 2023

Helen Benbow
Development Management Team Manager

Mr James Stone
C/O Mr Jake Farmer
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Farringdon
London
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NOTES

APPEALS

If you are aggrieved by the decision of your local planning authority to refuse permission for the proposed development or to grant it subject to conditions, then you can appeal to the Secretary of State under section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

If this is a decision on a planning application relating to the same or substantially the same land and development as is already the subject of an enforcement notice [reference], if you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision on your application, then you must do so within 28 days of the date of this notice.

If an enforcement notice is served relating to the same or substantially the same land and development as in your application and if you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision on your application, then you must do so within 28 days of the date of service of the enforcement notice, or within 6 months [12 weeks in the case of a householder appeal] of the date of this notice, whichever period expires earlier.

If this is a decision to refuse planning permission for a householder application, if you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 12 weeks of the date of this notice.

If this is a decision to refuse planning permission for a minor commercial application, if you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 12 weeks of the date of this notice.

Otherwise, if you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 6 months of the date of this notice.

However, if you are not sure which of these time limits applies to your decision please contact the Planning Inspectorate

Appeals can be made online at: <https://www.gov.uk/planning-inspectorate>.

If you are unable to access the online appeal form, please contact the Planning Inspectorate to obtain a paper copy of the appeal form on 0303 444 5000.

The Secretary of State can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal but will not normally be prepared to use this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal.

The Secretary of State need not consider an appeal if it seems to the Secretary of State that the local planning authority could not have granted planning permission for the proposed development or could not have granted it without the conditions they imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of any development order and to any directions given under a development order.

If you intend to submit an appeal that you would like examined by inquiry then you must notify the Local Planning Authority and Planning Inspectorate (inquiryappeals@planninginspectorate.gov.uk) at least 10 days before submitting the appeal. [Further details are on GOV.UK](#).

PURCHASE NOTICE

If permission to develop land is refused or granted subject to conditions, whether by the Local Planning Authority or the Secretary of State for Communities and Local Government, and the owner of the land claims that the land has become incapable of reasonably beneficial use in its existing state and cannot be rendered capable of reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted, she/he may serve on the Borough Council or District Council or County Council in which the land is situated, as the case may be, a purchase notice requiring that Council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

COMPENSATION

In certain circumstances, a claim may be made against the Local Planning Authority for compensation, where permission is refused or granted subject to conditions by the Secretary of State on appeal or on a reference of the application to him. The circumstances in which such compensation is payable are set out in Section 114 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

*Householder development means development of an existing dwellinghouse, or development within the curtilage of such a dwellinghouse for any purpose incidental to the enjoyment of the dwellinghouse. It does not include a change of use or a change to the number of dwellings in a building.